



# 何謂醫療廢物 What is Clinical Waste



## 醫療廢物 Clinical Waste

指含有下列六個組別的任何物質、物體或東西，並且是在與以下事宜有關連的情況下產生的廢物 —  
means waste consisting of any substance, matter or thing belonging to any of the 6 groups listed below that is generated in connection with -

- (a) 牙科、醫科、護理或獸醫業務； a dental, medical, nursing or veterinary practice;
- (b) 對病人、傷者、身體衰弱者或需要醫療的人提供醫療護理和服務的任何其他業務或機構(不論以何種方式稱述)； any other practice, or establishment (howsoever described), that provides medical care and services for the sick, injured, infirm or those who require medical treatment;
- (c) 牙科學、醫學、護理學、獸醫學、病理學或藥物學研究；或  
dental, medical, nursing, veterinary, pathological or pharmaceutical research; or



- (d) 在 (i) 牙科；  
(ii) 醫科；  
(iii) 獸醫；或  
(iv) 病理，  
範疇的化驗所業務，  
但不包括化學廢物或放射性廢物。



- a (i) dental ;  
(ii) medical ;  
(iii) veterinary ; or  
(iv) pathological ,  
laboratory practice,  
but does not include chemical waste or radioactive waste.



## 各組別的醫療廢物 Groups of Clinical Waste

### 第 1 組 — 經使用或受污染利器 Group 1 – Used or contaminated sharps

經使用或已受任何其他組別的醫療廢物污染的針筒、針咀、藥筒、裝藥水小玻璃瓶及其他鋒利器具。Syringes, needles, cartridges, ampoules and other sharp instruments which have been used or which have become contaminated with any other group of clinical waste.



### 第 2 組 — 化驗所廢物 Group 2 – Laboratory waste

化驗所的未經消毒的傳染體儲用培養物或傳染體培養物，以及源自牙科、醫科、獸醫或病理範疇的化驗所並且有潛在傳染性及可能嚴重危害健康的廢物。Unsterilized laboratory stock cultures, or cultures, of infectious agents and potentially infectious waste with significant health risk from dental, medical, veterinary or pathological laboratories.



### 第 3 組 — 人體和動物組織 Group 3 – Human and animal tissues

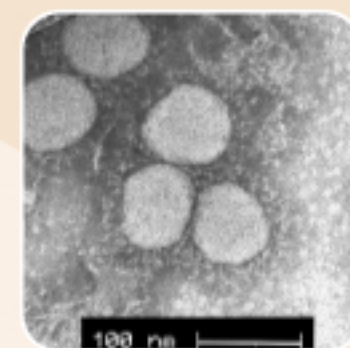
所有人體和動物組織、器官及身體部分，以及動物屍體，但不包括：

- All human and animal tissues, organs and body parts as well as dead animals, but excluding :  
(a) 來自獸醫業務或中醫業務的動物屍體、組織、器官及身體部分；  
及 dead animals and animal tissues, organs and body parts arising from a veterinary practice or a Chinese medicine practice; and  
(b) 來自牙科業務的牙齒。teeth arising from a dental practice.



### 第 4 組 — 傳染性物料 Group 4 – Infectious materials

源自被以下病原體感染的病人的傳染性物料：  
Infectious materials from patients with the following pathogens :



衛生防護中心提供  
Courtesy of Centre for Health Protection

- 克里米亞／剛果出血熱病毒  
(Crimean/Congo haemorrhagic fever virus)
- 伊波拉病毒 (Ebola virus)
- 瓜納里托病毒 (Guanarito virus)
- 亨德拉病毒 (Hendra virus)
- 疱疹 B 病毒 (Herpesvirus simiae (B virus))
- 呼寧病毒 (Junin virus)
- 庫阿撒魯爾森林病毒 (Kyasanur forest disease virus)
- 拉薩熱病毒 (Lassa fever virus)
- 馬塞堡病毒 (Machupo virus)
- 瑪堡病毒 (Marburg virus)
- 立百病毒 (Nipah virus)
- 鄂木斯克病毒 (Omsk virus)
- 俄羅斯春夏季腦炎病毒 (Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus)
- 薩比亞病毒 (Sabia virus)
- 嚴重急性呼吸系統綜合症冠狀病毒 (SARS Coronavirus)
- 天花病毒 (Variola virus)

以及受該等傳染性物料污染的物料。  
and materials contaminated by any of such infectious materials.

(署長可藉憲報刊登的公告，修訂列載於本組的病原體列表)  
(The Director may, by notice published in the Gazette, amend this list of pathogens.)

### 第 5 組 — 敷料 Group 5 – Dressings

滴著血液、凝有血塊或含有自由流動血液的外科敷料、棉花球或其他廢物。Surgical dressings, swabs and all other waste dribbling with blood, caked with blood or containing free-flowing blood.



### 第 6 組 — 其他廢物 Group 6 – Other wastes

有需要時環境保護署署長可藉憲報刊登的公告，將任何其他廢物指明為屬於本組的廢物。The Director of Environmental Protection may, by notice published in the Gazette, specify such other wastes in this group as required.

醫療廢物，不容忽視；妥善處理，疾病遠離。

Manage Clinical Waste in a Safe Way

環境保護署  
環保法規管理科  
總區辦事處  
查詢電話 Enquiry : 2835 1055  
網頁 Website : [www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste](http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/clinicalwaste)

Territorial Control Office  
Environmental Compliance Division  
Environmental Protection Department

附閱 Further Reading  
2006 年第 6 號條例《廢物處置 (修訂) 條例》Ordinance No. 6 of 2006 (WASTE DISPOSAL (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE)